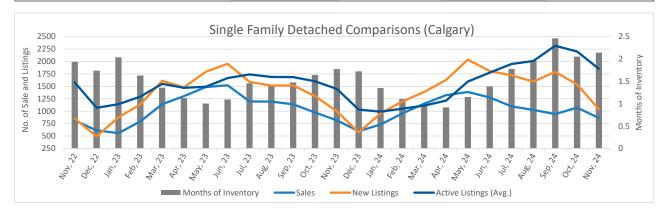
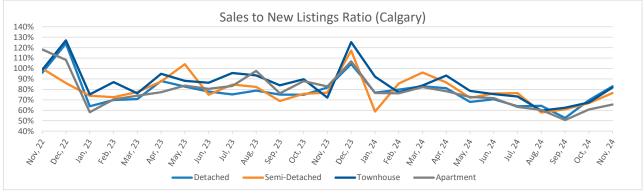
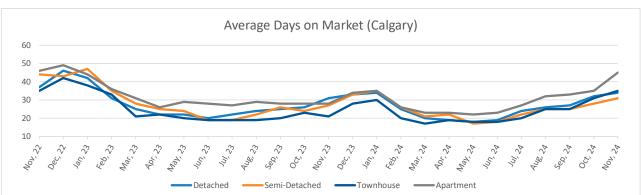


| - Calgary and Area Real Estate Market - | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| REPORTING PERIO | D: from th | e 1st of l | November, 2 | 2024 to the | last day o | f Novembe | er, 2024 | | | |
| | Sales | | Sales New List | | Sales to New S Listings Ratio | | Active Listings | | Benchmark Pric | |
| _ | TOTAL | Y/Y% | TOTAL | Y/Y% | RATIO | Y/Y% | LISTINGS | Y/Y% | PRICE | Y/Y% |
| CREB Economic Region | 2,349 | 2.5% | 2,974 | 1.2% | 79.0% | 1.4% | 5,890 | 32.0% | \$ 591,764 | 3.2% |
| Single Family Detached | 865 | 6.0% | 1,042 | 4.4% | 83.0% | 1.5% | 1,853 | 28.1% | \$ 750,100 | 7.2% |
| Apartment | 429 | -23.7% | 655 | -3.4% | 65.5% | -21.0% | 1,482 | 67.3% | \$ 337,800 | 8.9% |
| Semi-Detached | 173 | 23.6% | 226 | 24.2% | 76.5% | -0.5% | 363 | 32.0% | \$ 675,100 | 7.7% |
| Row/Townhouse | 330 | 24.1% | 403 | 9.2% | 81.9% | 13.6% | 654 | 59.5% | \$ 454,300 | 6.6% |
| YEAR TO DATE (2024): from January 1st, 2024 to the last day of November, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL | Y/Y% | TOTAL | Y/Y% | RATIO | Y/Y% | LISTINGS | Y/Y% | PRICE | Y/Y% |
| CREB Economic Region | 33,231 | 0.2% | 46,436 | 9.6% | 72.2% | -6.7% | 5,120 | 11.6% | \$ 596,517 | 7.2% |
| Single Family Detached | 11,825 | -2.5% | 16,695 | 5.8% | 72.1% | -5.5% | 1,643 | 7.7% | \$ 748,791 | 11.1% |
| Apartment | 7,215 | -3.6% | 10,481 | 12.1% | 68.9% | -13.1% | 1,194 | 20.4% | \$ 336,527 | 15.8% |
| Semi-Detached | 2,236 | 4.8% | 3,034 | 14.2% | 74.0% | -7.4% | 290 | 9.1% | \$ 668,264 | 11.2% |
| Row/Townhouse | 4,424 | 2.7% | 5,849 | 17.2% | 76.8% | -10.4% | 506 | 31.5% | \$ 452,882 | 15.0% |



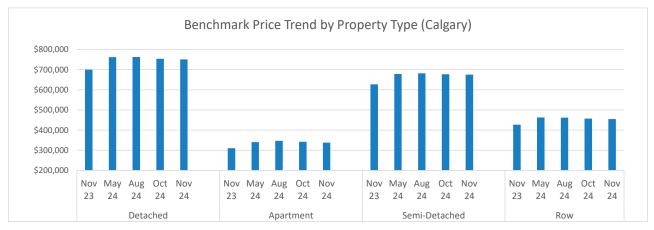


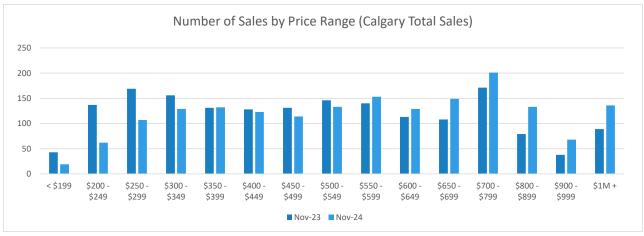


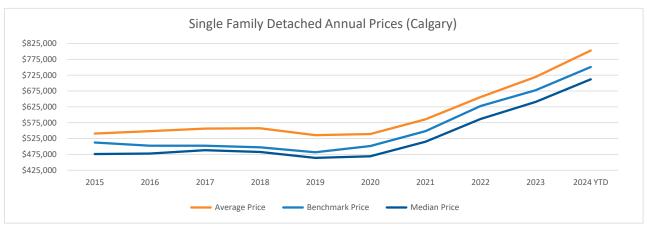
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| Calgary Benchmark Price and Months of Inventory (MOI) by Timeframe and Property Type | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|---------|------------|-----|
| | 1 Year a | Year ago 6 Months | | 6 Months ago 3 Months ago | | 1 Month ago | | Current | | |
| | November | r 2023 | May 2024 August 2024 | | October 2024 | | November 2024 | | | |
| | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | моі |
| CREB Economic Region | \$573,653 | 1.9 | \$606,396 | 1.2 | \$600,087 | 2.1 | \$595,161 | 2.4 | \$ 591,764 | 2.5 |
| Detached | \$699,400 | 1.8 | \$761,800 | 1.2 | \$762,600 | 2.0 | \$753,900 | 2.1 | \$ 750,100 | 2.1 |
| Apartment | \$310,100 | 1.6 | \$340,500 | 1.2 | \$346,500 | 2.4 | \$341,700 | 2.8 | \$ 337,800 | 3.5 |
| Semi-Detached | \$626,800 | 2.0 | \$678,000 | 1.1 | \$681,200 | 2.0 | \$677,000 | 2.1 | \$ 675,100 | 2.1 |
| Row | \$426,300 | 1.5 | \$462,500 | 8.0 | \$461,700 | 1.7 | \$456,600 | 2.2 | \$ 454,300 | 2.0 |



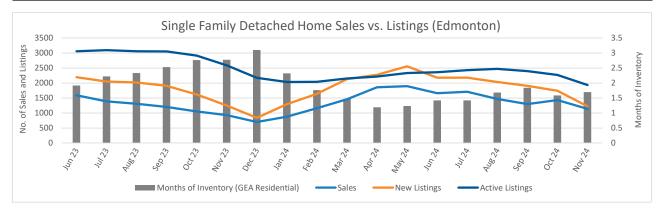


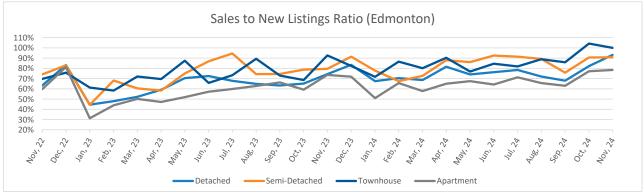


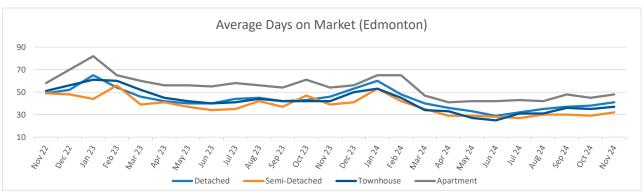
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| - Edmonton and Area Real Estate Market - | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|----|---------|------------------------------|-----|--------|
| REPORTING PERIOD: from the 1st of November, 2024 to the last day of November, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sale | Sales New Listings Sales to New Average Price Mi | | | | | | | Months of Inventory (MOI) | | |
| _ | TOTAL | Y/Y% | TOTAL | Y/Y% | RATIO | Y/Y% | | PRICE | Y/Y% | MOI | Y/Y% |
| Total Residential | 1,920 | 17.3% | 2,108 | -0.8% | 91.1% | 18.3% | \$ | 436,401 | 14.6% | 2.3 | -32.1% |
| Single Family Detached | 1,138 | 22.1% | 1,223 | -2.4% | 93.0% | 25.1% | \$ | 540,320 | 8.9% | 1.7 | -38.6% |
| Apartment | 303 | 2.4% | 386 | -4.0% | 78.5% | 6.6% | \$ | 200,266 | 16.4% | 3.2 | -25.3% |
| Semi-detached | 197 | 17.3% | 217 | 2.8% | 90.8% | 14.0% | \$ | 411,469 | 13.6% | 1.3 | -37.3% |
| Row/Townhouse | 282 | 17.0% | 282 | 8.5% | 100.0% | 7.9% | \$ | 288,176 | 6.3% | 1.1 | -47.1% |
| YEAR TO DATE (2024 | 1): from Ja | nuary 1s | st, 2024 to th | ne last day | of Novemb | per, 2024 | | | | | |
| | TOTAL | Y/Y% | TOTAL | Y/Y% | RATIO | Y/Y% | | PRICE | Y/Y% | | |
| Total Residential | 28,263 | 31.2% | 35,968 | 5.9% | 78.4% | 24.7% | \$ | 432,156 | 8.8% | | |
| Single Family Detached | 15,954 | 24.7% | 21,162 | 3.6% | 75.7% | 22.1% | \$ | 536,075 | 9.3% | | |
| Apartment | 4,450 | 30.2% | 6,756 | 7.7% | 66.0% | 20.5% | \$ | 199,976 | 4.3% | | |
| Semi-detached | 2,949 | 26.5% | 3,499 | 10.1% | 83.9% | 16.1% | \$ | 408,465 | 104.6% | | |
| Row/Townhouse | 3,910 | 33.4% | 4,551 | 14.9% | 86.5% | 17.3% | \$ | 290,541 | 136.8% | | |



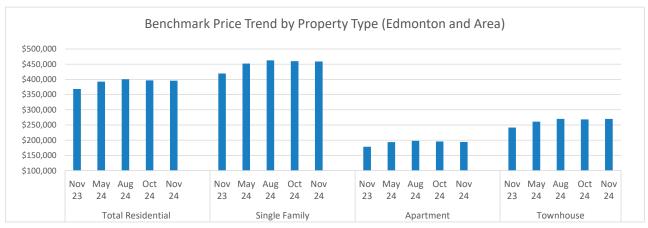


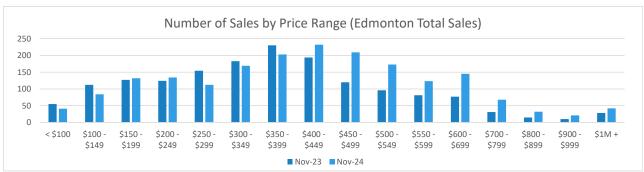


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| Edmonton Benchmark Price and Months of Inventory (MOI) by Timeframe and Property Type | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------------|-----|---------------|-----|------------|-----|
| | 1 Year a | 1 Year ago 6 Months | | hs ago | s ago 3 Months ago | | 1 Month ago | | Current | |
| | November | r 2023 | May 2024 August 2024 | | October 2024 | | November 2024 | | | |
| | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | моі | PRICE | МОІ | PRICE | моі |
| Total Residential | \$368,200 | 3.4 | \$392,700 | 1.8 | \$400,200 | 2.2 | \$396,800 | 2.0 | \$ 395,400 | 2.3 |
| Single Family | \$419,400 | 2.5 | \$452,000 | 1.1 | \$462,500 | 1.3 | \$459,900 | 1.3 | \$ 458,700 | 1.5 |
| Apartment | \$178,400 | 3.8 | \$193,700 | 2.3 | \$197,800 | 3.0 | \$196,000 | 2.6 | \$ 194,100 | 3.2 |
| Townhouse | \$241,300 | 1.8 | \$261,000 | 0.9 | \$270,000 | 1.0 | \$268,600 | 1.0 | \$ 269,700 | 1.1 |









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- Alberta Economic Indicators -

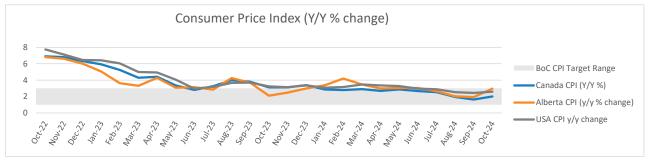
REPORTING PERIOD: most current data available

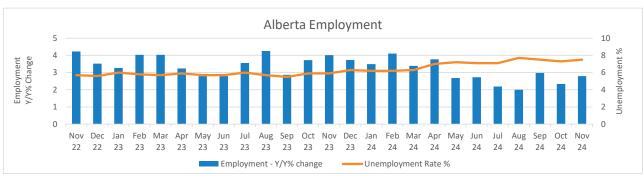
| | | 2023 | 2024f / 2025f |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Real GDP Growth | in Alberta | 1.5% | 2.7% / 2.8% |
| (per RBC) as of Sep-24 | in Canada | 1.2% | 1.1% / 1.6% |
| | | TOTAL | Y/Y |
| Retail Trade (\$) | in Alberta | 8,769,291 | 3.9% |
| Sep-24 | in Canada | 66,943,388 | 0.8% |
| Total Mortgages | in Alberta | 586,383 | -1.6% |
| Sep-24 | in Canada | 5,020,575 | -0.9% |
| Mortgages 90 Day Arrears | in Alberta | 1,755 | -7.9% |
| Sep-24 | in Canada | 10,218 | 26.7% |

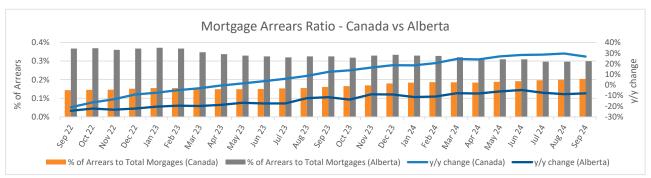
| | | TOTAL | Y/Y |
|-------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|
| Net Migration to Alberta | | 41,531 | 1.7% |
| Net Interprovincial Migration | Q2, 2024 | 9,654 | 11.0% |
| Net International Migration | | 31,877 | -0.8% |
| Housing Starts (SAAR*, 000's) | in Alberta | 51.67 | 29.2% |
| Oct-24 | in Canada | 240.76 | -11.5% |
| Avg. Weekly Earnings | in Alberta | \$1,356 | 5.0% |
| Sep-24 | in Canada | \$1,278 | 5.4% |
| Unemployment Rate | in Alberta | 7.5% | 1.6 Pts |
| Nov-24 | in Canada | 6.8% | 1.0 Pts |

| Employment, Seasonally Adjusted (thousands) | Jul-24 | Aug-24 | Sep-24 | Oct-24 | Nov-24 | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|
| Canada | 20,516 | 20,522 | 20,544 | 20,572 | 20,609 | | |
| Alberta | 2,522 | 2,529 | 2,531 | 2,537 | 2,547 | | |
| Calgary | 938 | 943 | 942 | 944 | 939 | | |
| Edmonton | 850 | 849 | 853 | 860 | 871 | | |
| This chart data represents the number of persons employed during the specific month. | | | | | | | |

| | | TOTAL | Y/Y |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|----------|
| BoC Overnight Rate | Dec-24 | 3.25% | -175 bps |
| Chartered Bank Prime Rate | Dec-24 | 5.45% | -175 bps |
| Consumer Bankruptcies | in Alberta | 191 | -9.9% |
| Oct-24 | in Canada | 2,698 | 18.8% |
| Consumer Price Index | in Alberta | 170.1 | 3.0% |
| Oct-24 | in Canada | 161.8 | 2.0% |

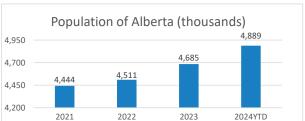


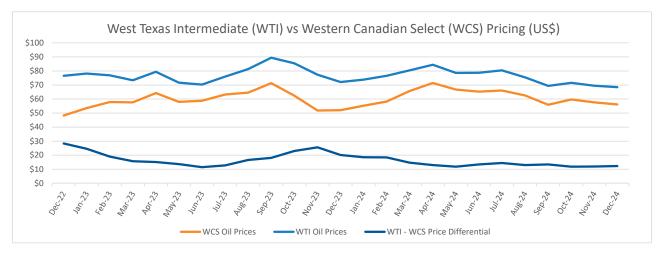


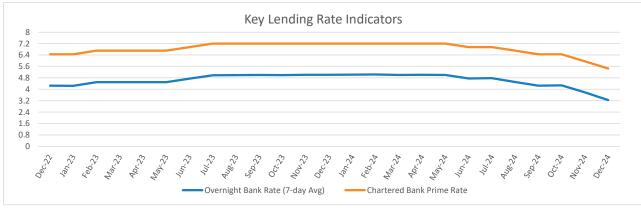


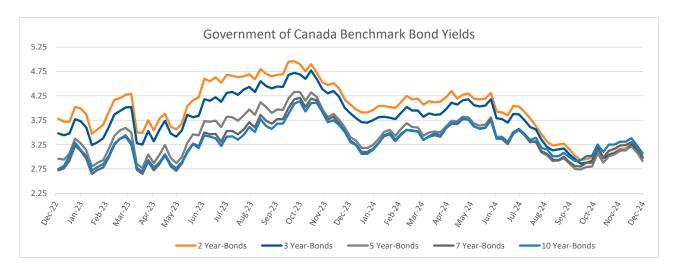
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Resources

http://economicdashboard.alberta.ca

https://thoughtleadership.rbc.com/economics/canadian-fiscal-analysis/

http://www.creb.com

https://www.realtorsofedmonton.com/

http://finance.alberta.ca/aboutalberta

http://www.cba.ca

http://www.finance.alberta.ca/aboutalberta

https://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/start

Statistics Canada - Labour Force Characteristics by CMA

https://www.bankofcanada.ca/rates/interest-rates/canadian-bonds

*Housing Starts: This represents the seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) for the month.

Statistics Canada - Consumer Price Index

https://www.gljpc.com/price-charts

https://www.bls.gov/data/

Calvert's Economic Definition Reference Guide

Interpreting the Data -

Months of Inventory (MOI): used as a leading indicator to guage future market conditions

Months of Inventory = Active Listings / Monthly Sales

Inventory > 6 months = Buyers Market

Inventory < 4 - 6 months = Balanced Market

Inventory < 4 months = Sellers Market

Sales to New Listings Ratio (SNLR): used as a leading indicator to guage future market conditions.

SNLR = Monthly Sales / New Listings

SNLR > 60% = Sellers Market

SNLR < 40% = Buyers Market

SNLR = 40% to 60% = Balanced Market

Benchmark Price: how much the benchmark (average) house has appreciated or depreciated

Each month, the MLS® HPI uses more than 15 years of MLS® System data and sophisticated statistical models to define a "typical" home based on the features of homes that have been bought and sold. These benchmark homes are tracked across Canadian neighbourhoods and different types of houses.

Migration and Population Growth: An increase in population in the province is positively correlated with an increase in demand for housing and rentals

Housing Starts:Increase in housing supply, when housing starts trend up or down investors are predicting stronger or weaker demand for housing.

Employment and Weekly Earnings: Positively correlates with demand for goods and services.

Bond Yields: The bond market is a good predictor of mortgage rates, inflation and the direction of the economy

Normal yield curve starts with lower yields for lower maturity bonds then increases for bonds with higher maturity.

A normal yield curve slopes upward.

Steep yield curve implies a growing economy moving which is often accompanied by higher inflation resulting in higher interest rates.

Flat yield curve shows similar yields across all maturities and happens in times of economic uncertainty.

Inverted yield curve is when short term interest rates exceed long term interests rates and suggests a severe economic slowdown.

Mortgage 90 Day Arrears: the trend can indicate a strong or weak economy.

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